

European Cricket Network Anti-Corruption Code for Participants

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European Cricket Network

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1. Introduction, Score and Application

- **1.1** The European Cricket Network has adopted this Anti-Corruption Code in recognition of the following fundamental sporting imperatives:
 - 1.1.1 All cricket matches are to be contested on a level playing field, with the outcome to be determined solely by the respective merits of the competing teams and to remain uncertain until the cricket match is completed. This is the essential characteristic that gives sport its unique appeal.
 - 1.1.2 Public confidence in the authenticity and integrity of the sporting contest is therefore vital. If that confidence is undermined, then the very essence of cricket will be shaken to the core.
 - 1.1.3 Advancing technology and increasing popularity have led to a substantial increase in the amount, and the sophistication, of betting on cricket matches. The development of new betting products, including spread-betting and betting exchanges, as well as internet and phone accounts that allow people to place a bet at any time and from any place, even after a cricket match has started, have all increased the potential for the development of corrupt betting practices. That, in turn, increases the risk that attempts will be made to involve participants in such practices. This can create a perception that the integrity of the sport is under threat.
 - 1.1.4 Furthermore, the nature of this type of misconduct is such that it is carried out undercover and in secret, thereby creating significant challenges for the European Cricket Network in the enforcement of rules of conduct. As a consequence, the European Cricket Network needs to be empowered to seek information from and share information with competent authorities and other relevant third parties, and to require Participants to cooperate fully with all investigations and requests for information.
 - 1.1.5 The European Cricket Network is committed to taking every step in its power (a) to prevent corrupt practices undermining the integrity of the sport of cricket, including any efforts to influence improperly the outcome or any other aspect of any ECN Match or Event; and (b) to preserve public confidence in the readiness, willingness and ability of the European Cricket Network, the ICC and all other National Cricket Federations to protect the sport from such corrupt practices.
- 1.2 This Anti-Corruption Code is to be interpreted and applied by reference to the fundamental sporting imperatives described in Article 1.1 (including, without limitation, where an issue arises that is not expressly addressed in this Anti-Corruption Code). Such interpretation and application shall take precedence over any strict legal or technical interpretations of this Anti-Corruption Code that may otherwise be proposed.
- 1.3 Unless otherwise indicated, references in this Anti-Corruption Code to Articles and Appendices are to articles and appendices of this Anti-Corruption Code. Unless set out in the Articles below, their respective definitions are set out in Appendix 1.
- 1.4 This Anti-Corruption Code applies to all Participants. For these purposes, a "Participant" is:

- 1.4.1 any Player who is selected (or who has been selected in the preceding twenty-four (24) months) to participate in an ECN Match, ECN International Match, International Match and/or a Domestic Match for any playing or touring club, team or squad that is a member of, affiliated to, or otherwise falls within the jurisdiction of the European Cricket Network or any other National Cricket Federation; and/or
- 1.4.2 any Player Support Personnel subject to an unexpired period of Ineligibility imposed on him/her pursuant to this Anti-Corruption Code and/or any anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation; and/or)including any coach, trainer, manager, selector, team owner or official, doctor, physiotherapist, dietitian, fitness or any other health related advisor or any other person who: is employed or engaged by, represents or is otherwise affiliated to (or who has been employed by, represented or otherwise affiliated to in the preceding twenty-four (24) months) a team that participates in ECN Matches, ECN International Matches, International Matches, and/or a playing or touring club, team or squad that participates in Domestic Matches and is a member of, affiliated to, or otherwise falls within the jurisdiction of, the European Cricket Network or any other National Cricket Federation; and/or is subject to an unexpired period of Ineligibility imposed on him/her pursuant to this Anti-Corruption Code and/or any anti-corruption rules of the ICC, or any other National Cricket Federation; and/or
- 1.4.3 any Any Match Referee, Pitch Curator, Player Agent, Umpire or Umpire Support Personnel.

NOTE: For the avoidance of doubt, the European Cricket Network's jurisdiction to take action against a Participant under this Anti-Corruption Code is limited, subject to the provisions of Article 1.7 below, to Corrupt Conduct taking place in, or in relation to, ECN Matches played as part of an European Cricket Network event (such as, for example but not limited to, the European Cricket Series, the European Cricket League and the European Cricket Championship).

- **1.5** Each *Participant* is automatically bound by this *Anti-Corruption Code* as soon as he/she becomes a *Participant*. From that point, he/she shall be deemed to have agreed:
 - 1.5.1 not to engage in *Corrupt Conduct* in respect of any *Match*, wherever it is held and whether or not he/she is personally participating or involved in any way with it;
 - 1.5.2 that it is his/her personal responsibility to familiarise him/herself with all of the requirements of this Anti-Corruption Code, including what conduct constitutes an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code, and to comply with those requirements;
 - 1.5.3 to submit to the jurisdiction of the European Cricket Network to adopt, apply, monitor and enforce this Anti-Corruption Code and to investigate apparent or suspected Corrupt Conduct that may constitute an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code or would amount to a violation of this Anti-Corruption Code;
 - 1.5.4 to submit to the jurisdiction of any Tribunal Process convened under this Anti- Corruption Code to hear and determine.

- a) any allegation by the European Cricket Network that the Participant has committed Corrupt Conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code; and
- b) any related issue (e.g. any challenge to the validity of the charges or to the jurisdiction of the European Cricket Network or the Tribunal Process, as applicable);
- 1.5.5. to submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the CAS to hear and determine appeals made pursuant to this Anti-Corruption Code;
- 1.5.6. not to bring any proceedings in any court or other forum that are inconsistent with the foregoing submissions to the jurisdiction of the aforementioned tribunals and the CAS;
- 1.5.7. for purposes of applicable data protection and other laws and for all other purposes, to the collection, processing, disclosure and use of information relating to him/herself and his/her activities, including personal information relating to him/herself and his/her activities, to the extent expressly permitted under the terms of the Anti-Corruption Code (and that he/she shall confirm such agreement in writing upon demand); and
- 1.5.8 to waive and forfeit any rights, defences and privileges provided by any law in any jurisdiction to withhold, or reject the provision of, information requested by the ECN in a Demand.
- **1.6** Without prejudice to Article 1.5, a Participant shall also be bound by the anti-corruption rules of the ICC and all other National Cricket Federations:
 - 1.6.1 not to commit Corrupt Conduct as set out under those rules; and
 - 1.6.2 to submit to the jurisdiction of the first instance and appeal hearing panels convened under those rules to hear and determine allegations of breach of such rules and related issues.

NOTE: Copies of the anti-corruption rules of the ICC and all other National Cricket Federations can be found on the ICC Website. The substance of each set of anti-corruption rules (including what constitutes Corrupt Conduct and the sanctions for such Corrupt Conduct) of the ICC and National Cricket Federations are materially the same as this Anti-Corruption Code.

1.7 For the avoidance of any doubt:

1.7.1 Where a Participant's alleged Corrupt Conduct would amount solely to a violation of this Anti-Corruption Code (whether such Corrupt Conduct actually relates to a ECN Match or Event or not), the European Cricket Network will have the exclusive right to take action against the Participant under this Anti-Corruption Code for such Corrupt Conduct;

- 1.7.2 Where a Participant's alleged Corrupt Conduct would amount solely to a violation of the anti-corruption rules of the ICC (whether such Corrupt Conduct actually relates to an International Match or not), the ICC will have the exclusive right to take action against the Participant under its own anti-corruption rules;
- 1.7.3 Where a Participant's alleged Corrupt Conduct would amount solely to a violation of the anti-corruption rules of another National Cricket Federation (whether such Corrupt Conduct actually relates to a Match taking place within the territory of such National Cricket Federation or not), the relevant National Cricket Federation will have the exclusive right to take action against the Participant under its own anti-corruption rules;
- 1.7.4 Where a Participant's alleged Corrupt Conduct would amount to a violation of this Anti-Corruption Code and one or more of the anti-corruption rules of the ICC and/or the anti-corruption rules of any other National Cricket Federation,
 - 1.7.4.1 if the alleged Corrupt Conduct relates solely to one or more ECN Matches played under the European Cricket Network' jurisdiction, the European Cricket Network will have the priority right and responsibility to take action under this Anti-Corruption Code against any relevant Participant for such Corrupt Conduct (irrespective of the nationality or place of residence of the Participant), but where it fails to take any action under its anti-corruption rules within 180 days of becoming aware of the Corrupt Conduct or agrees to defer to the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated, the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated may instead take action against the Participant in respect of such Corrupt Conduct under its anti-corruption rules provided it has first given notice in writing of such to the European Cricket Network;
 - 1.7.4.2 if the alleged Corrupt Conduct relates solely to one or more ECN International Matches (other than International Tour Matches), the ICC will have the exclusive right to take action against the Participant under its own anti-corruption rules;
 - 1.7.4.3 if the alleged Corrupt Conduct relates solely to one or more International Tour Matches played in the European Cricket Network' jurisdiction, then, unless otherwise agreed between the ICC and the European Cricket Network:
 - 1.7.4.3.1 the ICC will have priority right and responsibility to take action under its anti-corruption rules against any Participant who participated on behalf of, or who was in any way associated with, or whose Corrupt Conduct was related to, the participating representative team of a Full Member (or Associate Member with Test and/or ODI or T20I Status) in the ECN International Tour Match;
 - 1.7.4.3.2 the European Cricket Network will have the priority right and responsibility to take action under this Anti-Corruption Code against any Participant who participated on behalf of, or who was in any way associated with, or whose Corrupt Conduct was related to, the participant domestic, guest or invitational team in the ECN International Tour Match;

- 1.7.4.4 if the alleged Corrupt Conduct relates to one or more ECN Matches played under the jurisdiction of the European Cricket Network and one or more ECN International Matches and/or one or more Domestic Matches played under the jurisdiction of another National Cricket Federation, the European Cricket Network and the ICC and/or the other relevant National Cricket Federation(s) shall agree between them which of them shall take action (and, where applicable, in which order) against any relevant Participant for such Corrupt Conduct. In the absence of agreement, the European Cricket Network shall take action solely with respect to Corrupt Conduct relating to the relevant ECN Matches or Events played under its jurisdiction, the ICC shall take action solely with respect to Corrupt Conduct relating to the relevant International Matches and/or the other relevant National Cricket Federation(s) shall take action solely with respect to Corrupt Conduct relating to the other relevant Domestic Matches;
- 1.7.4.5 If the alleged Corrupt Conduct relates to an offence under any of Article 2.4 of this Anti-Corruption Code (or any analogous provision in the anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation) and does not in any way relate to either an International Match or a Domestic Match, the European Cricket Network the ICC and/or the relevant National Cricket Federation(s) shall agree between them which of them shall take action (and, where applicable, in which order) against any relevant Participant for such Corrupt Conduct provided, however, that in the absence of agreement, the ICC shall not take action with respect to the relevant Corrupt Conduct unless the relevant Participant has played in an International Match in the previous twelve (12) months prior to the date the alleged offence was committed.
- 1.8 Where the European Cricket Network and/or the ICC and/or any relevant National Cricket Federation agree between them, in accordance with the principles described in Article 1.7 above, that in any particular circumstance it would be more appropriate for the European Cricket Network to take action under this Anti-Corruption Code in relation to any Corrupt Conduct relating to one or more ECN Match played within the jurisdiction or another National Cricket Federation, and/or one or more ECN International Match, then all references in this Anti-Corruption Code to 'ECN Match' shall be deemed to be extended to include the relevant 'International Match' and/or other relevant 'Domestic Match' (as applicable).
- 1.9 Each Participant shall continue to be bound by and required to comply with this Anti-Corruption Code until he/she no longer qualifies as a Participant (the "End Date"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the European Cricket Network shall continue to have jurisdiction over him/her pursuant to this Anti-Corruption Code after the End Date in respect of matters taking place prior to the End Date; and he/she shall continue to be bound by and required to comply with this Anti-Corruption Code after the End Date with respect to the investigation, prosecution and adjudication of such matters.
- **1.10** Without prejudice to Articles 1.5 and 1.6 the European Cricket Network shall be responsible for promoting awareness of and education regarding the Anti-Corruption Code amongst all Participants.
- **1.11** The Anti-Corruption Code and the anti-corruption rules of the ICC and the other National Cricket Federations are not criminal laws but rather disciplinary rules of professional conduct for those

involved in the sport of cricket. However, Corrupt Conduct may also be a criminal offence and/or a breach of other applicable laws or regulations. This Anti-Corruption Code is intended to supplement such laws and regulations. It is not intended, and should not be interpreted, construed or applied to prejudice or undermine in any way the application of such laws and regulations. Participants must comply with all applicable laws and regulations at all times.

- 1.12 For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Anti-Corruption Code is intended in any way to replace or amend the European Cricket Networks Minimum Standards for Players and Match Officials areas which shall remain in full force and to which all Participants agree to be bound at all times.
- **1.13** Unless otherwise indicated, references in this Anti-Corruption Code to Articles and Appendices are to articles and appendices of this Anti-Corruption Code.

2. Offences under this Anti-Corruption Code

The conduct described in Articles 2.1 to 2.4, if committed by a Participant, shall amount to an offence by such Participant under this Anti-Corruption Code:

NOTE: Guidance notes have been provided in text boxes beneath certain offences. In case of any doubt as to the interpretation of an offence, the provisions of the offence itself shall take precedence over any guidance notes.

2.1 Corruption:

- 2.1.1 Fixing or contriving in any way or otherwise influencing improperly, or being a party to any agreement or effort to fix or contrive in any way or otherwise influence improperly, the result, progress, conduct or any other aspect of any ECN Match or Event, including (without limitation, matches within the European Cricket Series, European Cricket League and European Cricket Championship) by deliberately underperforming therein.
- 2.1.2 Ensuring for Betting or other corrupt purposes the occurrence of a particular incident in a ECN Match or Event.
- 2.1.3 Seeking, accepting, offering or agreeing to accept any bribe or other Reward to:
 - 2.1.3.1 fix or to contrive in any way or otherwise to influence improperly the result, progress, conduct or any other aspect of any ECN Match or Event: or
 - 2.1.3.2 ensure for Betting or other corrupt purposes the occurrence of a particular incident in a ECN Match or Event.
- 2.1.4 Directly or indirectly soliciting, inducing, enticing, instructing, persuading, encouraging or intentionally facilitating any Participant to breach any of the foregoing provisions of this Article 2.1.

2.2 Betting:

- 2.2.1 Placing, accepting, laying or otherwise entering into any Bet with any other party (whether individual, company or otherwise) in relation to the result, progress, conduct or any other aspect of any ECN Match or Event.
- 2.2.2 Directly or indirectly soliciting, inducing, enticing, instructing, persuading, encouraging, intentionally facilitating or authorising any other party to enter into a Bet in relation to the result, progress, conduct or any other aspect of any ECN Match or Event.

2.3 Misuse of Inside Information:

- 2.3.1 Using any Inside Information for Betting purposes in relation to any ECN Match or Event.
- 2.3.2 Disclosing Inside Information to any person where the Participant knew or should have known that such disclosure might lead to the information being used in relation to Betting in relation to any ECN Match or Event.

NOTE: Any potential offence under this Article 2 will be considered on its own set of facts and the particular circumstances surrounding any relevant disclosure. For example, it may be an offence under this clause to disclose Inside Information: (a) to journalists or other members of the media; and/or (b) on social networking websites where the Participant knew or should have known that such disclosure might lead to the information being used in relation to Betting. However, nothing in this Article 2 is intended to prohibit any such disclosure made within a personal relationship (such as to a member of the Participant's family) where it is reasonable for the Participant to expect that such information can be disclosed in confidence and without being subsequently used for Betting.

- 2.3.3 Directly or indirectly soliciting, inducing, enticing, persuading, encouraging or intentionally facilitating (with or without Reward):
 - 2.3.3.1 any Participant to commit an offence under any of the forgoing provisions of this Article 2.3; and/or
 - 2.3.3.2 any other person to do any act that would be an offence if that person were a Participant.

2.4 General:

- 2.4.1 Giving or providing to any Participant any Reward;
 - 2.4.1.1 for the purpose of procuring (directly or indirectly) any breach of this Anti-Corruption Code; or
 - 2.4.1.2 in circumstances that could bring him/her or the sport of cricket into disrepute.

NOTE: This Article 2 is only intended to catch "disrepute" that, when considered in all of the relevant circumstances, relates (directly or indirectly) to any of the underlying imperatives of and conduct prohibited by this Anti-Corruption Code(including as described in Article 1.1). Where any substantial gift, payment or other benefit is received by any Participant from an unknown person or organisation and/or for no apparent reason such Participant is advised to report such receipt to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official (or his/her designee) in accordance with Article 2.4.3 (regardless of value). Where such a Participant does make such a report, then that is likely to constitute strong evidence (which the Participant will have the opportunity to rebutting) of the commission of this offence.

2.4.2 Failing to disclose to the Designated Anti-Corruption Official (without unnecessary delay) the receipt of any Reward that:

- 2.4.2.1 that the Participant knew or should have known was given to him/her to procure (directly or indirectly) any breach of this Anti-Corruption Code, or
- 2.4.2.2 was made or given in circumstances that could bring the Participant or the sport of cricket into disrepute.
- 2.4.3 Failing to disclose to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official (without unnecessary delay) any and all gifts (whether monetary or otherwise), hospitality and/or other non-contractual benefits offered to a Participant that have a value of 500€ or more, whether or not the circumstances set out in Article 2.4.2 are present, save that there shall be no obligation to disclose any (i) personal gifts, hospitality and/or other non-contractual benefits offered by or on behalf of any close friend or relative of the Participant, (ii) any food or beverage, or (iii) cricket hospitality gifts in connection with ECN Matches or Event the Participant is participating in.
- 2.4.4 Failing to disclose to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official (without unnecessary delay) full details of any approaches or invitations received by the Participant to engage in Corrupt Conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code.

NOTE: It is acknowledged that the fight against corruption requires prompt reporting of all such approaches and any unnecessary delay in doing so may undermine the effectiveness with which the European Cricket Network and other relevant anti-corruption bodies can protect the integrity of the sport. It is acknowledged that the assessment of whether there had been 'unnecessary delay' in each case will depend on its own circumstances, but it is always unacceptable (and will therefore constitute 'unnecessary delay') for a Participant to wait until after the match in respect of which he/she was invited to engage in Corrupt Conduct before reporting that approach to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official.

NOTE: A Participant shall not discharge his burden under this Article 2 unless and until the required disclosure has been made directly to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official by such Participant. It is not sufficient for such disclosure to be made instead to any other third party, including any player, club or team official, or National Cricket Federation representative.

2.4.5 Failing or refusing to disclose to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official (without unnecessary delay) full details of any incident, fact, or matter that comes to the attention of a Participant that may evidence Corrupt Conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code by another Participant, including (without limitation) approaches or invitations that have been received by another Participant to engage in conduct that would amount to a breach of this Anti-Corruption Code.

NOTE: All Participants shall have a continuing obligation to report any new incident, fact, or matter that may evidence an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code to the Designated Anti-Corruption Official, even if the Participant's prior knowledge has already been reported. It is acknowledged that the fight against corruption requires prompt reporting of all such approaches and any unnecessary delay in doing so may undermine the effectiveness with which the European Cricket Network and other relevant anti-corruption bodies can protect the integrity of the sport. It is acknowledged that the assessment of whether there had been 'unnecessary delay' in each case will depend on its own circumstances, but it is always unacceptable (and will therefore constitute 'unnecessary delay') for a Participant to wait until after the match in respect of which he/she was invited to engage in Corrupt Conduct before reporting that approach to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official

- 2.4.6 Failing or refusing, without compelling justification, to cooperate with any investigation carried out by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official in relation to possible Corrupt Conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code (by any Participant), including (without limitation) failing to provide accurately and completely any information and/or documentation requested by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official (whether as part of a formal Demand pursuant to Article 4.3 or otherwise) as part of such investigation.
- 2.4.7 Obstructing or delaying any investigation that may be carried out by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official in relation to possible Corrupt Conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code (by any Participant), including (without limitation) concealing, tampering with or destroying any documentation or other information that may be relevant to that investigation and/or that may be evidence of or may lead to the discovery of evidence of Corrupt Conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code.
- 2.4.8 Failing or refusing to cooperate with any proceedings brought against any Participant for Corrupt Conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code, including (without limitation) failing to provide a witness statement(s) in respect of information in the possession of the Participant and/or failing to attend, for the purposes of providing truthful evidence, any disciplinary hearing convened before an Tribunal Process /and/or CAS under this Anti-Corruption Code, where requested by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official.
- 2.4.9 Directly or indirectly soliciting, inducing, enticing, persuading, encouraging or intentionally facilitating any Participant to breach any of the foregoing provisions of this Article 2.4.
- **2.5** For the purposes of this Article 2:
 - 2.5.1 Any attempt by a Participant, or any agreement between a Participant and any other person, to act in a manner that would culminate in the committing of an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code, shall be treated as if an offence had been committed, whether or not such attempt or agreement in fact resulted in the commission of such offence.
 - 2.5.2 A Participant who authorises, causes, knowingly assists, encourages, aids, abets, covers up or is otherwise complicit in any acts or omissions of the type described in Articles 2.1 to 2.4 committed by his/her coach, trainer, manager, agent, family member, guest or other affiliate or associate shall be treated as having committed such acts or omissions him/herself and shall be liable accordingly under this Anti-Corruption Code.

- 2.5.3 Where a Participant seeks to rely on the existence of 'compelling justification' to justify or excuse conduct under this Anti-Corruption Code which might otherwise amount to an offence (see Article 2.4.6), the burden shall be on that Participant to adduce sufficient credible evidence to prove, on the balance of probabilities, that genuine and powerful reasons exist (or existed) to objectively justify his/her conduct taking into account all the relevant circumstances.
- 2.6 The following are not relevant to the determination of whether an offence has been committed under this Anti-Corruption Code (although they may be relevant to the issue of the sanction to be imposed under Article 6 herein in the event that it is determined that an offence has been committed):
 - 2.6.1 Whether or not the Participant him/herself was participating or involved in any way in the specific ECN Match(es) or Event in question.
 - 2.6.2 The nature or outcome of any Bet(s) on the ECN Match(es) or Event in question.
 - 2.6 3 The outcome of the ECN Match(es) or Event in question.
 - 2.6.4 Whether or not the Participant's efforts or performance (if any), or the efforts or performance of any other player or other person, in the ECN Match(es) or Event in question were (or could be expected to have been) affected by the acts or omissions in question.
 - 2.6.5 Whether or not any of the results in the ECN Match(es) or Event in question were (or could be expected to have been) affected by the act or omissions in question.
- **2.7** It shall be a valid defence to a charge of:
 - 2.7.1 an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code to prove, on the balance of probabilities, that the alleged offence was committed (and that, where applicable, it was not reported to the European Cricket Network thereafter) due to the Participant's honest and reasonable belief that there was a serious threat to his/her life or safety or to the life or safety of any other person; and
 - 2.7.2 an offence under Article 2.4.8 of this Anti-Corruption Code if the Participant adduces sufficient credible evidence to prove, on the balance of probabilities, that genuine and powerful reasons exist (or existed) to objectively justify his/her conduct taking into account all the relevant circumstances (and for which purpose the right to invoke the privilege against self-incrimination is deemed to have been waived by each Participant and shall not be a sufficient reason).

3. Standard of Proof and Evidence

- 3.1 Unless otherwise stated elsewhere in this Anti-Corruption Code, the burden of proof shall be on the European Cricket Network in all cases brought under this Anti-Corruption Code and the standard of proof shall be whether the Tribunal Process is comfortably satisfied that the alleged offence has been committed, bearing in mind the seriousness of the allegation that is being made. This standard of proof in all cases is greater than a mere balance of probability but less than proof beyond a reasonable doubt. The following rules of proof shall be applicable at hearings and in the proceedings generally:
 - 3.1.1 The Tribunal Process shall not be bound by rules governing the admissibility of evidence in judicial or other proceedings. Instead, facts may be established by any reliable means, including admissions and circumstantial evidence (with appropriate weight ascribed to such evidence by the Tribunal Process).
 - 3.1.2 The Tribunal Process shall have the discretion to accept any facts established by a decision of a court or professional disciplinary tribunal of competent jurisdiction that is not the subject of a pending appeal and in which certain facts are established as irrebuttable evidence of those facts as against the Participant to whom the decision pertained, unless the Participant establishes that the decision violated principles of natural justice.
 - 3.1.3 The Tribunal Process may draw an inference adverse to the Participant who is asserted to have committed an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code based on his/ her failure or refusal, without compelling justification, after a request made in a reasonable time in advance of any hearing, to appear at the hearing (either in person or by video or telephone link, as directed by the Tribunal Process) and to answer any relevant questions.

4. Investigations and Notice of Charge

- Any allegation or suspicion of a breach of this Anti-Corruption Code, whatever the source, shall be referred to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official for investigation.
- The ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official may, at any time, conduct an investigation into the activities of any Participant who he/she believes may have committed an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code. Such investigations may be conducted in conjunction with, and information obtained in such investigations may be shared with, the ICC and/or other National Cricket Federations and/or other relevant authorities (including criminal justice, administrative, professional and/or judicial authorities). All Participants must cooperate fully with such investigations, failing which any such Participant shall be liable to be charged with a breach of this Anti-Corruption Code pursuant to Articles 2.4.6, 2.4.7, 2.4.8 and/or 2.4.9 (and it shall not be a valid basis for failing or refusing to cooperate or a valid defence to any such subsequent charge for a Participant to invoke any privilege against self-incrimination, which privilege is deemed to have been waived by the Participant). The ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official shall have discretion, where he/she deems appropriate, to stay his/her own investigation pending the outcome of investigations being conducted by the ICC and/or other National Cricket Federations and/or other relevant authorities.
- 4.3 As part of any investigation, the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official may at any time (including after a Notice of Charge has been provided to a relevant Participant) make a written demand to any Participant (a "Demand") to provide the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official, in writing and/ or by answering questions in person at an interview and/or by allowing the Designated Anti-Corruption Official to take possession of and/or copy or download information from his/her Mobile Device(s) (as the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official elects), with any information that the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official reasonably believes may be relevant to the investigation. Such information may include (without limitation):
 - 4.3.1 copies or access to all relevant records (such as current or historic telephone records, bank statements, Internet services records and/or other records stored on computer hard drives or other information storage equipment or any consent forms relating thereto); and/or
 - 4.3.2 any data and/or messages and/or photographs and/or videos and/or audio files and/or documents or any other relevant material contained on his/her Mobile Device(s) (including, but not limited to, information stored through SMS, WhatsApp or any other messaging system); and/or
 - 4.3.3 all of the facts and circumstances of which the Participant is aware with respect to the matter being investigated.
- 4.4 Provided that any such Demand has been issued in accordance with this Article, and subject to any applicable principles of national law, the Participant shall cooperate fully with such Demand, including by furnishing such information within such reasonable period of time as may be determined by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official. Where such a Demand relates to the request to take possession of and/or copy or download information contained on a Participant's Mobile Device, then such information shall be provided immediately upon the Participant's receipt

of the Demand. In all other cases, save where exceptional circumstances exist, a minimum period of fourteen (14) days from receipt of the Demand will be provided. Where appropriate, the Participant may seek an extension of such deadline by providing the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official with cogent reasons to support an extension, provided that the decision to grant or deny such extension shall be in the discretion of the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official, acting reasonably at all times.

- Any information furnished to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official (whether pursuant to a specific Demand or otherwise as part of an investigation) will not be used for any purpose other than in accordance with this Anti-Corruption Code and will be kept strictly confidential except when:
 - 4.5.1 it becomes necessary to disclose such information in support of a charge of an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code or the anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation;
 - 4.5.2 such information is required to be disclosed by any applicable law;
 - 4.5.3 such information is already published or a matter of public record, readily acquired by an interested member of the public or disclosed according to the rules and regulations governing the relevant ECN Match or Event; and/or
 - 4.5.4 it becomes necessary (because the information gathered may also amount to or evidence infringements of other applicable laws or regulations) to disclose such information to other competent authorities -- including the ICC, other National Cricket Federations and/or any applicable police, taxation, fraud, criminal intelligence or other authorities -- whether pursuant to formal information-sharing agreements or otherwise).
- 4.6 All Participants must cooperate with the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official in relation to any proceedings brought against any other Participant for Corrupt Conduct in breach of this Anti-Corruption Code, including (without limitation):
 - 4.6.1 by complying with any Demand in accordance with this Anti-Corruption Code;
 - 4.6.2 where requested by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official;
 - 4.6.3 through the provision of a witness statement(s) in respect of information in the possession of the Participant; and/or
 - 4.6.4 participating in, for the purposes of providing truthful evidence, any disciplinary proceedings convened before the Tribunal Process, and/or to CAS under this Anti-Corruption Code, where requested by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official, failing which the non-cooperating Participant shall be liable to be charged with a breach of this Anti-Corruption Code pursuant to Article 2.4.8. In light of the waiver contained in Article 2.7.2, it shall not be a valid basis for failing or refusing to cooperate or a valid defence to any such subsequent charge for a Participant to invoke any privilege against self-incrimination.

- 4.7 If at any time, the European Cricket Network determines that there is a case to answer under Article 2 herein, then the Participant shall be sent via recognized delivery method (including recorded delivery to a fixed address provided by the Participant, by email or electronic messaging service) a written notice of the following (the "Notice of Charge"), which, where applicable, will be copied to the CEO or Chairperson of the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated:
 - 4.7.1 that the Participant has a case to answer under Article 2;
 - 4.7.2 the specific offence(s) that the Participant is alleged to have committed;
 - 4.7.3 details of the alleged acts and/or omissions relied upon in support of the charge;
 - 4.7.4 the range of sanctions applicable under this Anti-Corruption Code if the charge is admitted or upheld;
 - 4.7.5 (where applicable) the matters relating to Provisional Suspension specified at Article 4.9; and
 - 4.7.6 the matters relating to responding to a Notice of Charge specified in Article 4.8.

4.8 Responding to a Notice of Charge

- 4.8.1 If the Participant wishes to exercise his/her right to dispute the Notice of Charge, whether to contest liability or sanction or both, he/she must submit a written request for a review that explains how the Participant responds to the charge(s) and (in summary form) the basis for such response. To be effective, the request must be received via recognized delivery methods by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official as soon as possible, but in any event within fourteen (14) days of the Participant's receipt of the Notice of Charge. Where the Participant does request a review in accordance with this Article the matter shall proceed to a review in accordance with Article 5
- 4.8.2 If the Participant fails or refuses to file a written request for a review in an Anti-Corruption Tribunal Process in accordance with Article 4.8.1 (or by any extended deadline that the Designated Anti-Corruption Official deems appropriate), then he/she shall be deemed to have:
- 4.8.2.1 waived his/her entitlement to a review;
- 4.8.2.2 admitted that he/she has committed the offence(s) under this Anti-Corruption Code specified in the Notice of Charge; and
- 4.8.2.3 acceded to the range of applicable sanctions specified in the Notice of Charge.

In such circumstances, a review in a Tribunal Process shall not be required. Instead, the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel (sitting alone) shall promptly issue a decision confirming the offence(s) under this Anti-Corruption Code specified in the Notice of Charge and the imposition of an applicable sanction within

the range specified in the Notice of Charge. Before issuing that decision, the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel will provide written notice of that decision to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official, the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated and the ICC.

4.9 Provisional Suspension

4.9.1 Where either:

- 4.9.1.1 the European Cricket Network decides to charge a Participant with an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code; or
- 4.9.1.2 the European Cricket Network considers that there are other exceptional circumstances relevant to a Participant (for example, where any relevant police authority has arrested and/or charged a Participant with an offence under any relevant criminal law in respect of facts or circumstances that may also constitute an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code),

the European Cricket Network shall have the discretion, in circumstances where it considers that the integrity of the sport could otherwise be seriously undermined, to Provisionally Suspend the Participant pending the Tribunal Process determination of whether he/she has committed an offence. Any decision to Provisionally Suspend the Participant will be communicated to the Participant in writing, with a copy sent at the same time to the ICC and, where applicable, the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated.

- 4.9.2 Where a Provisional Suspension is imposed, the Participant shall be given an opportunity, to contest such Provisional Suspension in a Provisional Review taking place by the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel (sitting alone) on a timely basis after its imposition. At any such Provisional Review, it shall be the burden of the European Cricket Network to establish that, in such circumstances, the integrity of the sport could be seriously undermined if the Participant does not remain Provisionally Suspended pending the determination of the charge(s) or such other date (as may be applicable). The Provisional Review shall take place on the basis of written submissions alone, save where the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel, in his/her absolute discretion, determines that a hearing should be convened. Any Provisional Review shall ensure that the Participant is afforded a fair and-reasonable opportunity to submit evidence. Notice of any decision made will be sent to the ICC and (if applicable) the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated as soon as such decision has been made.
- 4.9.3 Regardless of whether a Provisional Review has been held under Article 4.9.2, where a full Review under Article 5 has not been convened within three (3) months of the imposition of a Provisional Suspension, the Participant shall be entitled to apply (where applicable) to the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel (sitting alone) to lift the Provisional Suspension. If such an application is made, it shall be the burden of the European Cricket Network to establish that there is/remains a risk that the integrity of the sport could be seriously undermined if the Provisional Suspension was lifted. The application shall be determined on the basis of written submissions alone. Any consideration of such an application by the Chairman of the

- Disciplinary Panel shall ensure that the Participant is afforded a fair and reasonable opportunity to submit evidence, for his/her case.
- 4.9.4 Notice of any decision made by the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel will be sent to the ICC and (if applicable) the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated as soon as such decision has been made. While Provisionally Suspended, a Participant may not play, coach or otherwise participate or be involved in any capacity in any Match or any other kind of function, event or activity (other than authorised anti-corruption education or rehabilitation programs) that is authorised, organised, sanctioned, recognised or supported in any way by the ICC, a National Cricket Federation, or any member under the jurisdiction of a National Cricket Federation,
 The ICC and other National Cricket Federations shall take all reasonable steps within their
 - The ICC and other National Cricket Federations shall take all reasonable steps within their powers to give effect to and enforce this Article 4.9.4 in their respective geographical jurisdictions to the extent that they have the jurisdiction, power or ability to do so.
- 4.9.5 A Participant who is not Provisionally Suspended may voluntarily suspend him/herself by written notice to the Designated Anti-Corruption Official. In that case, provided that the Participant respects that Voluntary Provisional Suspension until the charge(s) against him/her is/are determined, he/she shall be given credit for such voluntary Provisional Suspension in accordance with Article 6.3. A copy of any such voluntary Provisional Suspension shall be sent to the ICC and (if applicable) the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated without unnecessary delay.

5. The Disciplinary Procedure

5.1 Review by the Disciplinary Panel and the Tribunal Process

- 5.1.1 Where the European Cricket Network alleges that a Participant has committed an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code, and the Participant submits the response required under Article 4.8 by the specified deadline, disputing the charge and/or the sanctions to be imposed for such offence under this Anti-Corruption Code, the matter shall be referred to the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel. The European Cricket Network shall submit a brief with the argument on all issues that the European Cricket Network wishes to raise and a written statement from each witness that the European Cricket Network intends to rely on, setting out his/her direct evidence, and enclosing copies of the documents that the European Cricket Network has obtained.
- 5.1.2 After receiving the brief of the European Cricket Network and the enclosed documents, the Participant has the opportunity to submit a written response, addressing the arguments of the European Cricket Network and setting out arguments on the issues that he/she wishes to raise, as well as a written statement from each witness that he/she intends to rely, setting out that witness's direct evidence and enclosing copies of the documents that he/ she intends to rely on; and the European Cricket Network may (at his/her discretion) submit a reply brief, responding to the answer brief of the Participant and providing a witness statement from each rebuttal witness that the European Cricket Network intends rely on, setting out his/her direct evidence and enclosing copies of any further documents that the European Cricket Network intends to rely on.
- 5.1.3 The Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel will initiate a Tribunal Process and instruct a Chairman of the Tribunal Process to review the case. The Chairman of the Tribunal Process shall be independent of the parties and shall have had no prior involvement with the case.
- 5.1.4 The Chairman of the Tribunal Process shall review the written submissions of the European Cricket Network and of the Participant.
- 5.1.5 The Chairman of Tribunal Process shall:
 - 5.1.5.1 Subject to Articles 5.1.2 and 5.1.4, order such consolidation with other case(s) as deemed appropriate. For example, where two or more Participants are alleged to have committed offences under this Anti-Corruption Code, they may both be dealt within the same process where the proceedings arise out of the same incident or set of facts, or where there is a clear link between separate incidents; and
 - 5.1.5.2 make such order as the Chairman of the Tribunal Process shall deem appropriate in relation to the production of relevant documents and/or other materials between the parties.

- 5.1.6 The Participant/s shall be required to raise any legitimate objection that he/she may have to the appointed Chairman of the Tribunal Process convened to hear his/her case. Any unjustified delay in raising any such objection shall constitute a waiver of the objection. If any objection is made, the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel shall rule on its legitimacy.
- 5.1.7 If, because of a legitimate objection or for any other reason, the appointed Chairman of the Tribunal Process is, or becomes, unwilling or unable to review the case, then the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel may, at his/her absolute discretion to appoint a replacement Tribunal Process Arbitrator.
- 5.1.8 Reviews in the Tribunal Process shall be conducted on a confidential basis.
- 5.1.9 The procedure to be followed for the review shall take place on the basis of written submissions alone. The language in which the review is to be conducted and whether translations of evidence and/or interpreters are required) shall be at the discretion of the Chairman of the Tribunal Process, provided that the review is conducted in a manner which affords the Participant a fair and reasonable opportunity to present evidence and address the Tribunal Process and present his/her case.

5.2 Agreed Sanction

- 5.2.1 Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Anti-Corruption Code, at any time during the proceedings it shall be open to a Participant charged with breach(es) of the Anti-Corruption Code to admit the breach(es) charged, whether or not in exchange for an agreement with the European Cricket Network on the appropriate sanction to be imposed upon him/her in order to avoid the need for a Tribunal Process. Any such discussions between the European Cricket Network and the Participant shall take place on a "without prejudice" basis and in such a manner that they shall not delay or in any other way interfere with the proceedings. Any resulting agreement shall be evidenced in writing, signed by both the European Cricket Network' Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) and the Participant, and shall set out the sanction imposed on the Participant for his/her breach of the Anti-Corruption Code (the "Agreed Sanction"). In determining the Agreed Sanction, the European Cricket Network will have due regard to the range of sanctions set out in Article 6.2 for the offence(s) in question, but it shall not be bound to impose a sanction within that range where it reasonably considers (at its absolute discretion) that there is good reason to depart therefrom. Upon receipt of notice of the Agreed Sanction, the Tribunal Process shall be discontinued. Instead, the European Cricket Network' Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) shall promptly issue a decision confirming the Participant's admission of the offence(s) charged and the imposition of the Agreed Sanction. Before issuing the decision, the European Cricket Network will provide notice of it to the ICC and, where applicable, to the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated.
- 5.2.2 In order to initiate fair and efficient processes under this Anti-Corruption Code, it shall be the duty of the designated ECN Anti-Corruption Official to inform the Participant proactively and at any time about the formal opportunity to admit to breaches charged.

5.3 Decisions of the Tribunal Process

- 5.3.1 The Chairman of the Tribunal Process shall announce its decision in writing, with reasons, as soon as reasonably practicable after the conclusion of the review. That written decision will set out and explain:
 - 5.3.1.1 with reasons as to whether any offence(s) under this Anti-Corruption Code has/have been committed;
 - 5.3.1.2 with reasons as to what sanctions, if any, are to be imposed (including any fine and/or period of Ineligibility);
 - 5.3.1.3 with reasons, the date that such period of Ineligibility shall commence pursuant to Article 6.5; and
 - 5.3.1.4 the rights of appeal described in Article 7.
- 5.3.2 The European Cricket Network will provide the ICC and, where applicable, the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated, with a full written copy of the findings and decisions of the Tribunal Process (including any sanctions imposed by the Tribunal Process Arbitrator) at the same time as such decision is provided to the Participant and prior to publicly announcing such decision.
- 5.3.3 The Chairman of the Tribunal Process shall have discretion to announce the substance of its decision to the parties (and the ICC) prior to the issue of the written reasoned decision referred to in Article 5.3.1 in cases where a Provisional Suspension has been imposed or where it otherwise deems appropriate. For the avoidance of doubt, however: (a) the Chairman of the Tribunal Process shall still be required to issue a written, reasoned decision in accordance with Article 5.3.1 and (b) the time to appeal pursuant to Article 7 shall not run until receipt of that written, reasoned decision. Notice of such decision will be provided by the European Cricket Network to the ICC and, where applicable, the National Cricket Federation to which the Participant is affiliated, without unnecessary delay following its announcement.
- 5.3.4 The Chairman of the Tribunal Process has the power to make a costs order against any party in respect of the costs of convening the Tribunal Process and of staging the review and/or in respect of the costs (legal, expert, travel, accommodation, translation or otherwise) incurred by the parties in relation to the proceedings where it deems fit (for example, but without limitation, where it considers that such party has acted spuriously, frivolously or otherwise in bad faith). If the Chairman of the Tribunal Process does not exercise that power, the European Cricket Network shall pay the costs of convening the Tribunal Process and each party shall bear its own costs (legal, expert, travel, accommodation, translation or otherwise).
- 5.3.5 Subject only to the rights of appeal under Article 7, the decision of the Chairman of the Tribunal Process shall be the full, final and complete disposition of the matter and will be binding on all parties.

6. Sanctions

- Where a breach of this Anti-Corruption Code is admitted by the Participant or upheld by the Tribunal Process, the Tribunal Process will be required to impose an appropriate sanction upon the Participant from the range of permissible sanctions described in Article 6.2. In order to determine the appropriate sanction that is to be imposed in each case, the Anti- Corruption Tribunal must first determine the relative seriousness of the offence, including identifying all relevant factors that it deems to:
 - 6.1.1 aggravate the nature of the offence, namely:
 - 6.1.1.1 a lack of remorse on the part of the Participant;
 - 6.1.1.2 the Participant's bad previous disciplinary record (including where the Participant has previously been found guilty of another offence under this Anti-Corruption Code and/or any predecessor regulations of the European Cricket Network and/or any anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation);
 - 6.1.1.3 where the amount of any profits, winnings or other Reward, directly or indirectly received by the Participant as a result of the offence(s), is substantial and/or where the sums of money otherwise involved in the offence(s) are substantial;
 - 6.1.1.4 where the offence substantially damaged (or had the potential to damage substantially) the commercial value and/or the public interest in the relevant ECN Match(es) or Events;
 - 6.1.1.5 where the offence affected (or had the potential to affect) the result of the relevant ECN Match(es) or Events;
 - 6.1.1.6 where the welfare of a Participant or any other person has been endangered as a result of the offence;
 - 6.1.1.7 where the offence involved more than one Participant or other persons; and/or
 - 6.1.1.8 any other aggravating factor(s) that the Tribunal Process considers relevant and appropriate.
 - 6.1.2 mitigate the nature of the offence, including without limitation:
 - any admission of guilt (the mitigating value of which may depend upon its timing);
 - 6.1.2.2 the Participant's good previous disciplinary record;

6.1.2.3	the youth and/or lack of experience of the Participant;
6.1.2.4	where the Participant renounced the attempt or agreement prior to it being discovered by a third party not involved in the attempt or agreement;
6.1.2.5	where the Participant has cooperated with the Designated Anti-Corruption Official and any investigation or Demand carried out by him/ her;
6.1.2.6	where the offence did not substantially damage (or have the potential to substantially damage) the commercial value, integrity of results and/or the public interest in the relevant ECN Match(es) or Event;
6.1.2.7	where the offence did not affect (or have the potential to affect) the result of the relevant ECN Match(es) or Event;
6.1.2.8	where the Participant provides Substantial Assistance to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official, the ICC, any other National Cricket Federation, a criminal justice authority or a professional disciplinary body;
6.1.2.9	where the Participant has already suffered penalties under other laws and/or regulations for the same offence; and/or
6.1.2.10	any other mitigating factor(s) that the Tribunal Process considers relevant

6.2 Having considered all of the factors described in Articles 6.1.1 and 6.1.2, the Tribunal Process shall then determine, in accordance with the following table, what the appropriate sanction(s) should be.

and appropriate.

6.2.1 The Tribunal Process will, subject to Article 6.3, impose a period of ineligibility for each offence as follows;

ANTI-CORRUPTION CODE OFFENCE	RANGE OF PERMISSIBLE PERIOD OF INELIGIBILITY	ADDITIONAL DISCRETION TO IMPOSE A FINE
Article 2.1.1 to 2.1.5 (Corruption)	A minimum of five (5) years and a maximum of a lifetime.	In all cases, in addition to any period of Ineligibility, the Tribunal Process shall have the discretion to impose a fine on the Participant of such amount as it deems appropriate.
Article 2.2.1 to 2.2.3 (Betting)	A minimum of one (1) year and a maximum of five (5) years.	
Article 2.3.1 and 2.3.3 (as it relates to an offence under Article 2.3.2) (Misuse of Inside Information)	A minimum of one (1) year and a maximum of five (5) years.	
Article 2.3.2 and 2.3.3 (as it relates to an offence under Article 2.3.2) (Misuse of Inside Information)	A minimum of six (6) months and a maximum of five (5) years.	
Any of Articles 2.4.1 to 2.4.6, inclusive (General)	A minimum of six (6) months and a maximum of five (5) years.	

1	Any period from zero up to a maximum of five (5) years.	
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- 6.2.2 may impose a fine on the Participant of an unlimited amount;
- 6.2.3 may require the Participant to undergo counselling for a specified time;
- 6.2.4 may require the Participant to perform voluntary service for a specified amount of time to cricket or the community; and/or
- 6.2.5 may reprimand the Participant.
- The Tribunal Process may impose a lesser penalty to the range of permissible periods of Ineligibility stipulated in Article 6.2 in the following circumstances:
 - 6.3.1 one or more of the factors that mitigate the nature of the offence (as prescribed in Article 6.1.2) are present and the collective value of those mitigating factors is such that the lesser penalty is reasonable; and
 - 6.3.2 where the European Cricket Network makes written application to the Tribunal Process for a verification from the range of permissible periods of Ineligibility, providing such written application adequately details the reasons for requesting the Tribunal Process to apply a sanction outside the stipulated range of permissible periods of Ineligibility. For the avoidance of doubt, the Tribunal Process is not bound to vary the range of permissible periods of Ineligibility from the European Cricket Network and may impose such penalty as it sees fit, within the range of sanctions stipulated in Article 6.2.
- **6.4** For the avoidance of doubt:
 - 6.4.1 any Tribunal Process has no jurisdiction to adjust, reverse or amend the results of any ECN Match or Event;
 - 6.4.2 where a Participant is found guilty of committing two offences under the Anti-Corruption Code in relation to the same incident or set of facts, then (save where ordered otherwise by the Tribunal Process for good cause shown) any multiple periods of Ineligibility imposed should run concurrently (and not cumulatively); and
 - 6.4.3 where a fine and/or costs award is imposed against a Participant, then such fine and/or costs award must be paid:
 - 6.4.3.1 by the Participant (and not, unless the European Cricket Network agrees, by any other third party); and
 - 6.4.3.2 directly to the European Cricket Network no later (subject to Article 6.8) than one calendar month following receipt of the decision imposing the fine and/or costs award.

- Any period of Ineligibility imposed on a Participant shall commence on the date that the decision imposing the period of Ineligibility is issued; provided that any period of Provisional Suspension served by the Participant shall be credited against the total period of Ineligibility to be served.
- No Participant who has been declared Ineligible may, during the period of Ineligibility, play, coach, officiate or otherwise participate or be involved in any capacity in any Match or any other kind of function, event or activity (other than authorised anti-corruption education or rehabilitation programmes) that is authorised, organised, sanctioned, recognised or supported in any way by the ICC, a National Cricket Federation or any member under the jurisdiction of a National Cricket Federation, or receive accreditation to provide media or other services at any official venue or Match. The ICC and other National Cricket Federations shall take all reasonable steps within their powers to give effect to and enforce this Article 6.5 in their respective geographical jurisdictions to the extent that they have the jurisdiction power or ability to do so.
- A Participant who is subject to a period of Ineligibility shall remain subject to this Anti-Corruption Code and the anti-corruption rules of the ICC and all other National Cricket Federations during that period. If a Participant commits Corrupt Conduct during a period of Ineligibility, this shall be treated as a separate offence and new proceedings will be brought pursuant to Article 4.6 of this Anti-Corruption Code or under the anti-corruption rules of the ICC or the relevant National Cricket Federation, as applicable.
- 6.8 Once any period of Ineligibility has expired, the Participant will automatically become re-eligible to participate or be otherwise involved in ECN Matches provided that he/she has first: (a) completed an official anti-corruption education session to the reasonable satisfaction of the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official; (b) agreed to subject him/herself to such additional reasonable and proportionate monitoring procedures and requirements as the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official may reasonably consider necessary given the nature and scope of the offence committed; and (c) satisfied in full any fine and/or award of costs made against him/her by any Tribunal Process. However, the European Cricket Network will consider any request from any Participant, on the grounds of financial hardship, to make the payment of such fines and/or costs over a prolonged period of time. Should any fine and/or costs award (or agreed part-payment or instalment thereof) not be paid to the European Cricket Network within such deadline or by the time of the next agreed payment date, then, unless the European Cricket Network agrees otherwise, the Participant may not play, coach, officiate or otherwise participate or be involved in any capacity in any ECN Match or Event or any other Match until such payment has been satisfied in full.
- Chairman of the ICC's ACSU and the Board of European Cricket Network, have discretion to permit a Participant who is subject to a period of Ineligibility to participate or otherwise be involved in ECN Matches played or Event under the jurisdiction of the European Cricket Network at any time prior to the end of that period of Ineligibility where in the opinion of the Chairman of European Cricket Network the early reinstatement of such eligibility is warranted by the conduct of the Participant since the period of Ineligibility was imposed, taking into account such factors as the Chairman of European Cricket Network in his absolute discretion considers appropriate and given the underlying objectives of this Anti-Corruption Code. Such factors may include (without limitation) the fact and timing of any expressions of apology, remorse and/or contrition by the Participant, the Participant's cooperation with anti-corruption education programmes run by or on

behalf of the European Cricket Network and/or the ICC, and/or the Participant's full disclosure of any and all information known to the Participant that may be helpful to the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official in enforcing this Anti-Corruption Code or in otherwise furthering its objectives. For the avoidance of doubt, the Chairman of European Cricket Network shall not in any circumstances have discretion to reinstate the Participant's eligibility to participate or otherwise be involved in ECN International Matches (such as but not limited to the European Cricket League or the European Cricket Championship) prior to the end of the period of Ineligibility.

7. Appeals

- 7.1 The following decisions made under this Anti-Corruption Code may be challenged by the European Cricket Network, the Participant who is the subject of the decision (as applicable) and/or the ICC solely and exclusively by appeal to CAS as set out in this Article 7:
 - 7.1.1 a decision by the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel, pursuant to Articles 4.9.3, not to lift a Provisional Suspension;
 - 7.1.2 a decision that a charge of an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code should be dismissed for procedural or jurisdictional reasons;
 - 7.1.3 a decision that an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code has (or has not) been committed; and/or
 - 7.1.4 a decision to impose (or not to impose) sanctions, including the appropriateness of any sanction imposed for an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code.
- 7.2 For the avoidance of any doubt, no party shall have any right of appeal against (a) an Agreed Sanction imposed pursuant to Article 6.2 or (b) decisions by the Chairman of European Cricket Network made pursuant to Article 6.9.
- 7.3 Decisions being appealed shall remain in effect and binding pending resolution of the appeal.
- 7.4 The deadline for filing an appeal to CAS shall be twenty-one (21) days from the date of receipt of the written reasoned decision by the appealing party. To be a valid filing under this Article 7, a copy of an appeal filed by the Participant must also be served on the same day on the other party/parties to the proceedings.
- 7.5 In all appeals to CAS pursuant to this Article 7:
 - 7.5.1 CAS's Code of Sports-related Arbitration shall apply, save as amended below.
 - 7.5.2 Where required in order to do justice (for example to cure procedural errors at the first instance hearing), the appeal shall take the form of a re-hearing de novo of the issues raised by the case. In all other cases, the appeal shall not take the form of a de novo hearing but instead shall be limited to a consideration of whether the decision being appealed was erroneous.
 - 7.5.3 The governing law shall be English law and the appeal shall be conducted in English, unless the parties agree otherwise.
 - 7.5.4 The decision of CAS on the appeal shall be final and binding on all parties, and no right of appeal shall lie from the CAS decision.

8. Public Disclosure and Confidentiality

- 8.1 Save in exceptional circumstances where the European Cricket Network, acting reasonably, deems it necessary for the purposes of protecting the integrity of the sport and/or any of its Participants (for example in circumstances where there is significant damaging and/or incorrect media speculation), neither the European Cricket Network nor the ICC, or any other National Cricket Federation shall publicly identify any Participant who is being investigated or is alleged to have committed an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code unless and until he/she has been formally charged pursuant to Article 4.7, at which point it shall be entitled to publicly announce the name of the Participant charged and the offence with which he/she has been charged.
- 8.2 Thereafter, the European Cricket Network will not comment publicly on the specific facts of a pending case except in response to public comments made by (or on behalf of) the Participant involved in the case or his/her representatives or where otherwise necessary to preserve the public's confidence in the ability of the European Cricket Network, the ICC and/or the National Cricket Federations to fight corruption in the sport.
- **8.3** Once the Tribunal Process has issued its decision in respect of any charges brought under this Anti-Corruption Code:
 - 8.3.1 If the decision is that an offence has been committed: (a) the decision may, at the discretion of the European Cricket Network, be publicly reported in full as soon as possible; and (b) after the decision is publicly reported, the European Cricket Network may also publish details of such other parts of the proceedings before the Anti-Corruption Tribunal as the European Cricket Network thinks fit.
 - 8.3.2 If the decision exonerates the Participant, then the decision may be publicly reported only with the consent of the Participant. The European Cricket Network shall use reasonable efforts to obtain such consent, and (if consent is obtained), shall publicly disclose the decision in its entirety or in such redacted form as the Participant may approve.
- 8.4 The European Cricket Network shall use its best endeavours to ensure that persons under its control do not publicly identify any Participants who are alleged to have committed an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code, other than in accordance with Article 8.1 and 8.2. However, the European Cricket Network in its discretion may at any time disclose to other organisations such information as the European Cricket Network may consider necessary or appropriate to facilitate administration or enforcement of this Anti-Corruption Code, provided that each organisation provides assurance satisfactory to the European Cricket Network that the organisation will maintain all such information in confidence.

9. Recognition of Decisions

Decisions made and Provisional Suspensions and sanctions imposed under this Anti-Corruption Code and/or the anti-corruption rules of the ICC and/or other National Cricket Federations shall be recognised, enforced, extended and given effect to within their respective jurisdictions by the by the ICC and the relevant National Cricket Federations automatically upon receipt of notice of the same, without the need for further formality. This shall include (without limitation), where the European Cricket Network has the jurisdiction to do so, requiring the organisers of any Matches, tournaments or other events sanctioned by the European Cricket Network to recognise and give effect to such decisions and Provisional Suspensions and sanctions.

10. Limitation Periods

- 10.1 No action may be commenced under this Anti-Corruption Code against a Participant for an offence under the Anti-Corruption Code more than ten (10) years after the date that the offence occurred.
- 10.2 Subject strictly to Article 10.1, the European Cricket Network has the right (but no obligation) to suspend investigations temporarily under this Anti-Corruption Code to avoid prejudice to, and/ or to give precedence to, investigations conducted by other relevant authorities into the same or related matters.

11. Amendment and Interpretation of this Anti-Corruption Code

- 11.1 This Anti-Corruption Code may be amended from time to time by the European Cricket Network.
- 11.2 The headings used for the various Articles of this Anti-Corruption Code are for the purpose of guidance only and shall not be deemed to be part of the substance of this Anti-Corruption Code or to inform or affect in any way the language of the provisions to which they refer.
- 11.3 This ECN Anti-Corruption Code shall come into full force and effect from 3 April 2019 (the "Effective Date"). It shall not operate to disturb any decisions and/or sanctions previously made under predecessor anti-corruption or other relevant rules of European Cricket Network, nor shall it apply retrospectively to matters pending before the Effective Date; provided, however, that any case pending prior to the Effective Date, or brought after the Effective Date but based on acts or omissions that occurred before the Effective Date, shall be governed by the predecessor version to this Anti-Corruption Code that was in force at the time of the alleged offence, subject to any application of the principle of lex mitior by the hearing panel determining the case.
- 11.4 If any Article or provision of this Anti-Corruption Code is ruled to be invalid, unenforceable or illegal for any reason, it shall be deemed deleted, and this Anti-Corruption Code shall remain otherwise in full force and effect.
- 11.5 This Anti-Corruption Code is governed by and shall be construed in accordance with English Law. Strictly without prejudice to the *arbitration agreement set out in Articles 1.5, 5 and 7* of this Anti- Corruption Code, the English courts shall have exclusive jurisdiction to issue relief in aid of that arbitration agreement and/or to hear and determine challenges to any decision issued by the Tribunal Process and/or the CAS
- 11.6 This Anti-Corruption Code and its tribunal process will allow all matters identified since the commencement of the ECN Anti-Corruption codes to be dealt with under the new process. Therefore, any breaches of the code from 2019 until incorporation of the new tribunal process would fall under the recommended tribunal process.

Definitions

Agreed Sanction. As defined in Article 5.2.

Associate Member. Any National Cricket Federation with associate member status of the ICC.

Bet. Any wager, bet or other form of financial speculation, and Betting is the carrying out of such Activity.

CAS. The Court of Arbitration for Sport in Lausanne, Switzerland.

Corrupt Conduct. Any act or omission that would amount to an offence under Article 2 of this Anti-Corruption Code or the equivalent provisions of the anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation

Demand. As defined in Article 4.3.

Designated ECN Anti-Corruption Official. The person appointed by the European Cricket Network to fulfil the duties set out in this Anti-Corruption Code (or his/her designee).

Disciplinary Panel. The European Cricket Network Disciplinary Panel.

Domestic Match. Any 'First-Class Match', 'List A Limited Overs Match' or 'List A Twenty20 Match', or any 'Other Match' played under the sole control and auspices of a National Cricket Federation and/or classified as Official Cricket by such National Cricket Federation, as those terms are defined in the ICC Classification of Official Cricket (as amended from time to time).

European Cricket Network is not a legal term, but it's used as a general description and name for all kinds of activities of the European Cricket League AG as an organization like events, rules/regulations, crew, staff and more.

ECN International Tour Match. Any match held by the European Cricket Network (including but not limited to, matches in the European Cricket League or European Cricket Championship) or any ECN Match played between a representative team of a Full Member (or Associate Member with Test and/or ODI or T20I status) and any guest or invitational team.

ECN Match or Event. Any match or event held by the European Cricket Network (including but not limited to, matches in the European Cricket Series, European Cricket League or European Cricket Championship or event/s held in association therewith)

Effective Date. As defined in Article 11.3.

End Date. As defined in Article 1.9.

Event. Any competition, tournament, tour, event or equivalent that involves one or more ECN Matches.

Full Member. Any National Cricket Federation with full member status of the ICC.

ICC. The International Cricket Council or its designee.

ICC Events. Each of the following: (a) the ICC Cricket World Cup; (b) the ICC World Twenty20I (c) the ICC Champions Trophy; (d) the ICC World Cricket League Championship and League Divisions 2-8 (inclusive) and any regional qualifying events thereto; (e) the ICC Women's Cricket World Cup; (f) the ICC Under 19 Cricket World Cup; (g) the ICC World Cup Qualifying Tournament; (h) the ICC Women's Cricket World Cup Qualifying Tournament and any regional qualifying events thereto; (i) the ICC World Twenty20 Qualifying Tournament; (j) the ICC Under 19 Cricket World Cup Qualifying Tournament and any regional qualifying events thereto; (k) the ICC Intercontinental Cup and Shield; and (l) any other event organised or sanctioned by the ICC from time to time which the ICC deems it appropriate that the anti-corruption rules of the ICC should apply.

Ineligibility. The Participant being barred for a specified period of time from participation in the sport of cricket, as set out more specifically in Article 6..

Inside Information. Any information relating to any ECN Match or Event that a Participant possesses by virtue of his/ her position within the sport. Such information includes, but is not limited to, factual information regarding the competitors in the ECN Match or Event, the conditions, tactical considerations or any other aspect of the ECN Match or Event, but does not include any such information that is already published or a matter of public record, that may be readily acquired by an interested member of the public, or that has been disclosed according to the rules and regulations governing the relevant ECN Match or Event.

International Match. Any or each of the following (in men's and women's cricket): (a) any Test Match, One Day International Match or Twenty20 International Match; (b) any Match played as part of an ICC Event; (c) any International Tour Match; and (d) any other Match organised or sanctioned by the ICC from time to time to which the ICC deems it appropriate that the anti-corruption rules of the ICC should apply.

International Tour Match. Any Match played between a representative team of a Full Member (or Associate Member with Test and/or ODI or T20I status) and any domestic, guest or invitational team.

Match. A cricket match of any format and duration in length in which two cricket teams compete against each other either at international level (i.e. an International Match, including an International Tour Match) or at national level (i.e. a Domestic Match).

Match Referee. Any person who (a) is appointed (or who has been appointed in the preceding twenty-four (24) months) by the European Cricket Network or any other relevant party as the official match referee for a designated ECN Match, whether such Match Referee carries out his/her functions remotely or otherwise, and/or (b) who is subject to an unexpired period of Ineligibility imposed on him/her pursuant to this Anti-Corruption Code and/or any other anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation.

Mobile Device(s). Any portable device (including, without limitation, a personal digital assistant (PDA), blackberry, mobile phone, smartphone, smartwatch or tablet computer) which is capable of connecting to or using any mobile telecommunications technology to enable or facilitate transmission of textual material, data, voice, video or multimedia services.

National Cricket Federation. A national or regional entity which is a member of or is recognised by the ICC as the entity governing the sport of cricket in a country (or collective group of countries associated for cricket purposes).

Notice of Charge. As defined in Article 4.7.

One Day International Match. As defined by Section 33 of the ICC Classification of Official Cricket, as may be amended from time to time.

Pitch Curator. Any individual who acts as a pitch curator or groundsman (or who has acted in such capacity at any time in the preceding twenty-four (24) months) in any stadium or venue affiliated (whether through a club, franchise, county, province or otherwise) to any National Cricket Federation.

Participant. As defined in Article 1.4.

Player. As defined in Article 1.4.1

Player Agent. Any individual who acts in any way (or who has acted in any way in the preceding twenty-four (24) months) in the capacity of agent, representative, advisor or otherwise in relation to the negotiation, arrangement, registration of execution of any employment or commercial agreement for a Player, irrespective of whether such individual is registered or licensed to perform such activity within a National Cricket Federation or not.

Player Support Personnel. As defined in Article 1.4.2.

Provisional Hearing. For purposes of Article 4.9.2, an expedited hearing before the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel (sitting alone) that provides the Participant with notice and an opportunity to be heard in either written or oral form on whether or not the Provisional Suspension imposed on him/her should be lifted.

Provisional Suspension. The Participant being temporarily barred from participating in the sport of cricket pending determination of a charge that he/she has committed an offence under this Anti-Corruption Code, as set out more specifically in Article 4.9.

Reward. A person acts "for Reward" if he/she arranges or agrees that he/she or some other third party will receive any direct or indirect financial or other benefit for that act (other than official prize money and/or contracted payments under playing, service, endorsement, sponsorship or other such similar contracts), and the term "Reward" shall be construed accordingly.

Substantial Assistance. To qualify as Substantial Assistance for the purposes of Article 6.1.2.8, a Participant must: (a) fully disclose in a signed witness statement all information that he/she possesses in relation to offences under this Anti-Corruption Code and/or that the Designated Anti-Corruption Official (or his/her designee) reasonably considers may be helpful to it in its enforcement of the Anti- Corruption Code and equivalent regulations, and relevant criminal offences and breaches of other professional rules; and (b) reasonably cooperate upon request by the ECN Designated Anti-Corruption Official (or his/her designee) with the investigation and adjudication of any case related to that information, including (for example) presenting truthful testimony at a hearing if requested to do so.

Test Match. As defined by Section 33 of the ICC Classification of Official Cricket, as may be amended from time to time.

Tribunal Process. The Chairman of the Tribunal Process will be (subject to Article 5.1.3) appointed by the Chairman of the Disciplinary Panel, to perform the functions assigned to the Tribunal Process under this Anti-Corruption Code.

Twenty20 International Match. As defined by Section 33 of the ICC Classification of Official Cricket, as may be amended from time to time.

Umpire. Any umpire (including any on-field umpire, television umpire, third or fourth umpire) (a) who is appointed (or who has been appointed in the preceding twenty-four (24) months) by the European Cricket Network or any other relevant party to officiate in ECN Matches or ECN International Tour Match and/or (b) who is subject to an unexpired period of Ineligibility imposed on him/her pursuant to this Anti-Corruption Code and/or any other anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation.

Umpire Support Personnel. Any technical official (for example, and without limitation, any official with responsibility for operating the communication equipment for Umpires and ECN Match Referees during a ECN Match) or umpire coach who (a) is appointed (or has been appointed in the preceding twenty-four (24) months) by the European Cricket Network or any other relevant party to support the Umpires and/or Match Referees in their appointments to any ECN Match and/or (b) who is subject to an unexpired period of Ineligibility imposed on him/her pursuant to this Anti-Corruption Code and/or the anti-corruption rules of the ICC or any other National Cricket Federation.